(Origina	l Signature	of Member	•)

115TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H.R.

To amend the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 to treat certain foreign-owned corporations and business organizations as foreign nationals for purposes of the ban on campaign activity, to prohibit foreign-affiliated section 501(c)(4) organizations from making contributions to super PACs or disbursing funds for independent expenditures or election-eering communications, to amend the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938 to reform the procedures for the registration of agents of foreign principals under such Act, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Ms.	KAPTUR	introduced	the fo	ollowing	bill;	which	was	referred	to	the
	Con	nmittee on								

A BILL

To amend the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 to treat certain foreign-owned corporations and business organizations as foreign nationals for purposes of the ban on campaign activity, to prohibit foreign-affiliated section 501(c)(4) organizations from making contributions to super PACs or disbursing funds for independent expenditures or electioneering communications, to amend the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938 to reform the procedures for the registration of agents of foreign principals under such Act, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Repelling Encroachment by Foreigners into U.S. Elec-
- 6 tions Act" or the "REFUSE Act".
- 7 (b) Table of Contents of
- 8 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—RESTRICT FOREIGN AND DARK MONEY IN ELECTIONS

- Sec. 101. Treatment of certain foreign-owned corporations and associations as foreign nationals for purposes of ban on campaign activity.
- Sec. 102. Prohibiting foreign-affiliated section 501(c)(4) organizations from making certain election-related disbursements.
- Sec. 103. Activities subject to ban.
- Sec. 104. Requiring certain candidates to report contributions by lobbyists representing foreign clients.
- Sec. 105. Effective date.

TITLE II—REFORM OF FOREIGN AGENTS REGISTRATION ACT OF 1938

- Sec. 201. Repealing exemption from registration under Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938 for persons filing disclosure reports under Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995.
- Sec. 202. Conditions for exemption for persons providing legal representation.
- Sec. 203. Filing and labeling of political propaganda.
- Sec. 204. Treatment of informational materials.
- Sec. 205. Promoting enforcement of registration requirements for foreign agents by authorizing Attorney General to issue civil investigative demands.
- Sec. 206. Authorizing imposition and collection of registration fees.
- Sec. 207. Comprehensive strategy to improve enforcement and administration.
- Sec. 208. Analysis by Government Accountability Office.
- Sec. 209. Definition.
- Sec. 210. Effective date.

1	TITLE I—RESTRICT FOREIGN
2	AND DARK MONEY IN ELEC-
3	TIONS
4	SEC. 101. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN FOREIGN-OWNED COR-
5	PORATIONS AND ASSOCIATIONS AS FOREIGN
6	NATIONALS FOR PURPOSES OF BAN ON CAM-
7	PAIGN ACTIVITY.
8	Section 319(b) of the Federal Election Campaign Act
9	of 1971 (52 U.S.C. 30121(b)) is amended to read as fol-
10	lows:
11	"(b) Definition.—
12	"(1) IN GENERAL.—As used in this section, the
13	term 'foreign national' means—
14	"(A) an individual who is not a citizen of
15	the United States or a national of the United
16	States, as defined in section 101(a)(22) of the
17	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
18	1101(a)(22)), and who is not lawfully admitted
19	for permanent residence, as defined by section
20	101(a)(20) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(20);
21	"(B) a person outside of the United
22	States, unless it is established that such person
23	is an individual who is a citizen of the United
24	States, or that such person is not an individual
25	and is organized under or created by the laws

1	of the United States or of any State or other
2	place subject to the jurisdiction of the United
3	States and has its principal place of business
4	within the United States;
5	"(C) a government of a foreign country or
6	an official of the government of a foreign coun-
7	try, as defined in section 1(e) of the Foreign
8	Agents Registration Act of 1938 (22 U.S.C.
9	611(e)), a foreign political party, as defined in
10	section 1(f) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 611(f)), or
11	a corporation principally owned or controlled by
12	the government of a foreign country or an offi-
13	cial of the government of a foreign country, in-
14	cluding a separate segregated fund of such a
15	corporation under section 316;
16	"(D) a corporation (other than a corpora-
17	tion described in subparagraph (C)), partner-
18	ship, association, organization, or other com-
19	bination of persons organized under the laws of
20	or having its principal place of business in a
21	foreign country, including a separate segregated
22	fund of such a corporation under section 316;
23	"(E) a corporation in which one or more
24	foreign nationals described in subparagraph (C)
25	holds, owns, controls, or otherwise has directly

1	or indirectly acquired beneficial ownership of
2	equity or voting shares in an aggregate amount
3	equal to or greater than 5 percent of total eq-
4	uity or outstanding voting shares (as deter-
5	mined by excluding any equity or shares owned
6	by a mutual fund), including a separate seg-
7	regated fund of such a corporation under sec-
8	tion 316; or
9	"(F) a corporation in which one or more
10	foreign nationals (other than those described in
11	subparagraph (C)) holds, owns, controls, or oth-
12	erwise has directly or indirectly acquired bene-
13	ficial ownership of equity or voting shares in an
14	aggregate amount equal to or greater than 20
15	percent of total equity or outstanding voting
16	shares (as determined by excluding any equity
17	or shares owned by a mutual fund), including
18	a separate segregated fund of such a corpora-
19	tion.
20	"(2) Use of quarterly sec reports.—In
21	the case of a corporation which is required to file
22	quarterly reports with the Securities and Exchange
23	Commission under section 13 of the Securities Ex-
24	change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m), the deter-
25	mination as to whether a corporation is described in

1	subparagraph (D), (E), or (F) shall be based on the
2	most recent such report.".
3	SEC. 102. PROHIBITING FOREIGN-AFFILIATED SECTION
4	501(C)(4) ORGANIZATIONS FROM MAKING
5	CERTAIN ELECTION-RELATED DISBURSE-
6	MENTS.
7	Title III of the Federal Election Campaign Act of
8	1971 (52 U.S.C. 30101 et seq.) is amended by adding at
9	the end the following new section:
10	"SEC. 325. PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN ELECTION-RELATED
11	DISBURSEMENTS BY FOREIGN-AFFILIATED
12	SECTION 501(C)(4) ORGANIZATIONS.
13	"(a) Prohibition.—It is unlawful for a foreign-af-
14	filiated section $501(c)(4)$ organization to make an election-
15	related disbursement described in subsection (b).
16	"(b) Election-related Disbursement De-
17	SCRIBED.—An election-related disbursement described in
18	this subsection is any of the following:
19	"(1) A contribution to a super PAC.
20	"(2) An independent expenditure.
21	"(3) The disbursement of funds for the dissemi-
22	nation of an electioneering communication.
23	"(c) Definition of Foreign-Affiliated Section
24	501(c)(4) Organization.—In this section, a 'foreign-af-

1	filiated section $501(c)(4)$ organization' is a section
2	501(c)(4) organization with respect to which—
3	"(1) the amount of contributions provided to
4	the organization by foreign nationals described in
5	subparagraph (C) of section 319(b)(1) was equal to
6	or greater than 5 percent of the gross receipts of the
7	organization, as determined on the basis of the most
8	recent taxable year for which information on the
9	gross receipts of the organization is available or, in
10	the case of an organization which is required to file
11	quarterly reports with the Securities and Exchange
12	Commission under section 13 of the Securities Ex-
13	change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m), the most re-
14	cent such report, or
15	"(2) the amount of contributions provided to
16	the organization by all foreign nationals described in
17	section 319(b) was equal to or greater than 20 per-
18	cent of the gross receipts of the organization, as de-
19	termined on the basis of the most recent taxable
20	year for which information on the gross receipts of
21	the organization is available or, in the case of an or-
22	ganization which is required to file quarterly reports
23	with the Securities and Exchange Commission under
24	section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
25	(15 U.S.C. 78m), the most recent such report.

1	"(d) Other Definitions.—In this section—
2	"(1) the term 'electioneering communication'
3	has the meaning given such term in section
4	304(f)(3);
5	"(2) the term 'section 501(c)(4) organization'
6	means an organization described in section $501(e)(4)$
7	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt
8	from taxation under section 501(a) of such Code;
9	and
10	"(3) term 'super PAC' means a political com-
11	mittee which accepts donations or contributions that
12	do not comply with the limitations and prohibitions
13	of this Act (or has an account which is established
14	for the purpose of accepting such donations or con-
15	tributions) and which makes only independent ex-
16	penditures (or has an account which is established
17	for the purpose of making only independent expendi-
18	tures).".
19	SEC. 103. ACTIVITIES SUBJECT TO BAN.
20	(a) Contributions and Donations in Connec-
21	TION WITH BALLOT INITIATIVES AND REFERENDA.—
22	Section 319(a)(1)(A) of the Federal Election Campaign
23	Act of 1971 (52 U.S.C. 30121(a)(1)(A)) is amended by
24	striking "election;" and inserting the following: "election,
25	including a State or local ballot initiative or referendum;".

1	(b) Coverage of Certain Election-related Ac-
2	TIVITIES.—Section 319 of such Act (52 U.S.C. 30121) is
3	amended by adding at the end the following new sub-
4	section:
5	"(c) A foreign national shall not direct, dictate, con-
6	trol, or directly or indirectly participate in the decision-
7	making process of any person with regard to such person's
8	Federal or non-Federal election-related activities, such as
9	decisions concerning the making of contributions or ex-
10	penditures in connection with elections for any local,
11	State, or Federal office or decisions concerning the admin-
12	istration of a political committee.".
13	SEC. 104. REQUIRING CERTAIN CANDIDATES TO REPORT
1314	SEC. 104. REQUIRING CERTAIN CANDIDATES TO REPORT CONTRIBUTIONS BY LOBBYISTS REP-
14	CONTRIBUTIONS BY LOBBYISTS REP-
141516	CONTRIBUTIONS BY LOBBYISTS REP- RESENTING FOREIGN CLIENTS.
14151617	CONTRIBUTIONS BY LOBBYISTS REP- RESENTING FOREIGN CLIENTS. Section 304 of the Federal Election Campaign Act
14151617	CONTRIBUTIONS BY LOBBYISTS REPRESENTING FOREIGN CLIENTS. Section 304 of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (52 U.S.C. 30104) is amended by adding at the
141516171819	CONTRIBUTIONS BY LOBBYISTS REPRESENTING FOREIGN CLIENTS. Section 304 of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (52 U.S.C. 30104) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
141516171819	CONTRIBUTIONS BY LOBBYISTS REPRESENTING FOREIGN CLIENTS. Section 304 of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (52 U.S.C. 30104) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection: "(j) Special Reports by Candidates Receiving
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	CONTRIBUTIONS BY LOBBYISTS REPRESENTING FOREIGN CLIENTS. Section 304 of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (52 U.S.C. 30104) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection: "(j) Special Reports by Candidates Receiving Contributions From Lobbyists Representing Foreign Contr
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	CONTRIBUTIONS BY LOBBYISTS REPRESENTING FOREIGN CLIENTS. Section 304 of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (52 U.S.C. 30104) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection: "(j) Special Reports by Candidates Receiving Contributions From Lobbyists Representing Foreign Clients.—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	CONTRIBUTIONS BY LOBBYISTS REPRESENTING FOREIGN CLIENTS. Section 304 of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (52 U.S.C. 30104) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection: "(j) Special Reports by Candidates Receiving Contributions From Lobbyists Representing Foreign Clients.— "(1) Requirement to Report.—If an author-

1	(2 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.) who had a covered foreign
2	lobbying contact with the candidate during the 6-
3	month period which ends on the date the committee
4	receives the contribution, or who has a covered for-
5	eign lobbying contact with the candidate during the
6	6-month period which begins on the date the com-
7	mittee receives the contribution, the committee shall
8	file a report with the Commission which discloses the
9	identification of the lobbyist, the amount of the con-
10	tribution, and a description of the lobbying contact.
11	"(2) Deadline.—A committee shall file the re-
12	port required under paragraph (1)—
13	"(A) in the case of a covered foreign lob-
14	bying contact described in subparagraph (A) of
15	paragraph (4), not later than 10 days after the
16	date on which the committee receives the con-
17	tribution; or
18	"(B) in the case of a covered foreign lob-
19	bying contact described in subparagraph (B) of
20	paragraph (4), not later than 10 days after the
21	date on which the registered lobbyist had a cov-
22	ered foreign lobbying contact with the can-
23	didate.
24	"(3) Candidates described.—A candidate
25	described in this paragraph is a candidate who, dur-

1	ing either of the 6-month periods described in para-
2	graph (1), is treated as a covered legislative branch
3	official or a covered executive branch official for pur-
4	poses of the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 (2
5	U.S.C. 1601 et seq.).
6	"(4) Covered foreign lobbying contact.—
7	In this subsection, a 'covered foreign lobbying con-
8	tact' is, with respect to a contribution received by an
9	authorized committee of a candidate, a lobbying con-
10	tact under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995
11	which is made with the candidate on behalf of a for-
12	eign entity—
13	"(A) during the 6-month period which
14	ends on the date the committee receives the
15	contribution; or
16	"(B) during the 6-month period which be-
17	gins on the date the committee receives the con-
18	tribution.".
19	SEC. 105. EFFECTIVE DATE.
20	The amendments made by this title shall apply with
21	respect to elections occurring after December 2018.

TITLE II—REFORM OF FOREIGN **REGISTRATION ACT AGENTS** 2 **OF 1938** 3 4 SEC. 201. REPEALING EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION 5 UNDER FOREIGN AGENTS REGISTRATION 6 ACT OF 1938 FOR PERSONS FILING DISCLO-7 SURE REPORTS UNDER LOBBYING DISCLO-8 SURE ACT OF 1995. 9 (a) Repeal of Exemption.—Section 3 of the For-10 eign Agents Registration Act of 1938 (22 U.S.C. 613) is 11 amended by striking subsection (h). 12 (b) Timing of Filing of Registration State-MENTS.—Section 2 of the Foreign Agents Registration 13 Act of 1938 (22 U.S.C. 612) is amended— 15 (1) in subsection (a), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), in the fourth sentence, by striking 16 17 "The registration statement shall include" and in-18 serting "Except as provided in subsection (h), the 19 registration statement shall include"; and 20 (2) by adding at the end the following: 21 "(h) Timing for Filing of Statements by Per-22 SONS REGISTERED UNDER LOBBYING DISCLOSURE ACT 23 OF 1995.—In the case of an agent of a person described in section 1(b)(2) or an entity described in section 1(b)(3)who has registered under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of

1	1995 (2 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), after the agent files the
2	first registration required under subsection (a) in connec-
3	tion with the agent's representation of such person or enti-
4	ty, the agent shall file all subsequent statements required
5	under this section at the same time, and in the same fre-
6	quency, as the reports filed with the Clerk of the House
7	of Representatives or the Secretary of the Senate (as the
8	case may be) under section 5 of the Lobbying Disclosure
9	Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1604) in connection with the
10	agent's representation of such person or entity.".
11	SEC. 202. CONDITIONS FOR EXEMPTION FOR PERSONS
12	PROVIDING LEGAL REPRESENTATION.
13	Section 3(g) of the Foreign Agents Registration Act
14	of 1938 (22 U.S.C. 613(g)) is amended by adding at the
15	end the following: "A person may be exempt under this
16	subsection only if the person files with the Attorney Gen-
17	eral a request for such exemption and the Attorney Gen-
18	eral approves the request.".
19	SEC. 203. FILING AND LABELING OF POLITICAL PROPA
20	GANDA.
21	Section 4 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of
22	1938 (22 U.S.C. 614) is amended—
23	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "or circulated
24	among two or more persons" and inserting "to any
25	

1	(2) by adding at the end the following:
2	"(g) Additional Information Required With
3	FILING.—It shall be unlawful for any person within the
4	United States who is an agent of a foreign principal and
5	required to register under the provisions of this Act to
6	transmit or cause to be transmitted in the United States
7	mails or by any means or instrumentality of interstate or
8	foreign commerce any informational materials for or in the
9	interests of such foreign principal without filing with the
10	Attorney General a statement that includes—
11	"(1) the name of each original recipient of the
12	materials; and
13	"(2) the original date on which the materials
14	will be distributed.".
15	SEC. 204. TREATMENT OF INFORMATIONAL MATERIALS.
16	(a) Definition.—Section 1 of the Foreign Agents
17	Registration Act of 1938 (22 U.S.C. 611) is amended—
18	(1) in subsection (c), in the matter preceding
19	paragraph (1), by striking "Expect" and inserting
20	"Except"; and
21	(2) by inserting after subsection (i) the fol-
22	lowing:
23	"(j) The term 'informational materials' means any
24	
	oral, visual, graphic, written, or pictorial information or

- 1 of advertising, books, periodicals, newspapers, lectures,
- 2 broadcasts, motion pictures, social media, or any means
- 3 or instrumentality of interstate or foreign commerce or
- 4 otherwise.".
- 5 (b) Conforming Amendment Relating to Filing
- 6 OF INFORMATIONAL MATERIALS WITH ATTORNEY GEN-
- 7 ERAL.—Section 4(a) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 614(a)) is
- 8 amended by striking "or foreign commerce" and inserting
- 9 "or foreign commerce, including electronic mail and social
- 10 media,".
- 11 (c) Waiver of Filing Requirement for Unre-
- 12 LATED MATERIALS.—Section 4(a) of such Act (22 U.S.C.
- 13 614(a)) is amended—
- 14 (1) by striking "Every person" and inserting
- 15 "(1) Every person"; and
- 16 (2) by adding at the end the following new
- paragraph:
- 18 "(2) Paragraph (1) does not apply with respect to
- 19 any informational material which is disseminated by an
- 20 agent of a foreign principal as part of an activity that is
- 21 exempt from registration under this Act, or as part of an
- 22 activity which by itself would not require registration
- 23 under this Act.".
- 24 (d) Inclusion of Identification Statements.—
- 25 Section 4(b) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 614(b)) is amended—

1	(1) by striking "It shall" and inserting "(1)
2	Except as provided in paragraph (2), it shall"; and
3	(2) by adding at the end the following new
4	paragraph:
5	"(2) An agent of a foreign principal may omit the
6	statement required under paragraph (1) in individual mes-
7	sages, posts, or transmissions on social media with respect
8	to a foreign principal if the social media account or profile
9	from which the information is sent includes a conspicuous
10	statement that—
11	"(A) the account is operated by, and distributes
12	information on behalf of, the agent; and
13	"(B) additional information about the account
14	is on file with the Department of Justice in Wash-
15	ington, District of Columbia.".
16	SEC. 205. PROMOTING ENFORCEMENT OF REGISTRATION
17	REQUIREMENTS FOR FOREIGN AGENTS BY
18	AUTHORIZING ATTORNEY GENERAL TO ISSUE
19	CIVIL INVESTIGATIVE DEMANDS.
20	The Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938 (22
21	U.S.C. 611 et seq.) is amended by redesignating sections
22	12 through 14 as sections 13 through 15 and by inserting
23	after section 11 the following new section:
24	"SEC. 12. CIVIL INVESTIGATIVE DEMANDS.
25	"(a) Authority of Attorney General.—

"(1) AUTHORITY DESCRIBED.—Whenever the
Attorney General or the Attorney General's designee
has reason to believe that any person may be in pos-
session, custody, or control of any documentary ma-
terial, or may have any information, relevant to an
investigation under this Act, the Attorney General or
designee may, prior to the institution of a civil or
criminal proceeding by the United States thereon,
issue in writing, and cause to be served upon such
person, a civil investigative demand requiring such
person to produce such documentary material for in-
spection and copying or reproduction, to answer in
writing written interrogatories with respect to such
documentary material or information, to give oral
testimony concerning such documentary material or
information, or to furnish any combination of such
material, answers, or testimony. Whenever a civil in-
vestigative demand is an express demand for any
product of discovery, the Attorney General or des-
ignee shall cause to be served, in any manner au-
thorized by this section, a copy of such demand upon
the person from whom the discovery was obtained
and notify the person to whom such demand is
issued of the date on which such copy was served.

1	"(2) Limiting individuals who may serve
2	AS DESIGNEES.—The Attorney General may not des-
3	ignate any individual other than the Assistant Attor-
4	ney General for National Security or a Deputy At-
5	torney General to carry out the authority provided
6	under this section.
7	"(b) Contents and Deadlines.—
8	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each demand issued under
9	subsection (a) shall—
10	"(A) state the nature of the conduct con-
11	stituting the alleged violation of this Act which
12	is under investigation and the provision of this
13	Act alleged to be violated;
14	"(B) if such demand is for the production
15	of documentary material—
16	"(i) describe each class of documen-
17	tary material to be produced with such
18	definiteness and certainty as to permit
19	such material to be fairly identified;
20	"(ii) prescribe a return date for each
21	such class which will provide a reasonable
22	period of time within which the material so
23	demanded may be assembled and made
24	available for inspection and copying or re-
25	production; and

1	"(iii) identify the custodian to whom
2	such material shall be made available;
3	"(C) if such demand is for answers to writ-
4	ten interrogatories—
5	"(i) set forth with specificity the writ-
6	ten interrogatories to be answered;
7	"(ii) prescribe dates at which time an-
8	swers to written interrogatories shall be
9	submitted; and
10	"(iii) identify the custodian to whom
11	such answers shall be submitted; and
12	"(D) if such demand is for the giving of
13	oral testimony—
14	"(i) prescribe a date, time, and place
15	at which oral testimony shall be com-
16	menced;
17	"(ii) identify an investigator who shall
18	conduct the examination and the custodian
19	to whom the transcript of such examina-
20	tion shall be submitted;
21	"(iii) specify that such attendance and
22	testimony are necessary to the conduct of
23	the investigation;
24	"(iv) notify the person receiving the
25	demand of the right to be accompanied by

1	an attorney and any other representative;
2	and
3	"(v) describe the general purpose for
4	which the demand is being issued and the
5	general nature of the testimony, including
6	the primary areas of inquiry, which will be
7	taken pursuant to the demand.
8	"(2) Product of discovery.—Any civil inves-
9	tigative demand issued under this section which is
10	an express demand for any product of discovery
11	shall not be returned or returnable until 20 days
12	after a copy of such demand has been served upon
13	the person from whom the discovery was obtained.
14	"(3) Date.—The date prescribed for the com-
15	mencement of oral testimony pursuant to a civil in-
16	vestigative demand issued under subsection (a) shall
17	be a date which is not less than 7 days after the
18	date on which demand is received, unless the Attor-
19	ney General or the Attorney General's designee de-
20	termines that exceptional circumstances are present
21	which warrant the commencement of such testimony
22	within a lesser period of time.
23	"(4) Notification.—The Attorney General
24	shall not authorize the issuance under this section of
25	more than one civil investigative demand for oral

1	testimony by the same person unless the person re-
2	quests otherwise or unless the Attorney General,
3	after investigation, notifies that person in writing
4	that an additional demand for oral testimony is nec-
5	essary.
6	"(c) Protected Material or Information.—
7	"(1) In general.—A civil investigative de-
8	mand issued under subsection (a) may not require
9	the production of any documentary material, the
10	submission of any answers to written interrogatories,
11	or the giving of any oral testimony if such material,
12	answers, or testimony would be protected from dis-
13	closure under—
14	"(A) the standards applicable to subpoenas
15	or subpoenas duces tecum issued by a court of
16	the United States in aid of a grand jury inves-
17	tigation; or
18	"(B) the standards applicable to discovery
19	requests under the Federal Rules of Civil Pro-
20	cedure, to the extent that the application of
21	such standards to any such demand is appro-
22	priate and consistent with the provisions and
23	purposes of this Act.
24	"(2) Effect on other orders, rules, and
25	LAWS.—Any such demand which is an express de-

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1 mand for any product of discovery supersedes any 2 inconsistent order, rule, or provision of law (other 3 than this Act) preventing or restraining disclosure of such product of discovery to any person. Disclosure 5 of any product of discovery pursuant to any such ex-6 press demand does not constitute a waiver of any 7 right or privilege, including without limitation any 8 right or privilege which may be invoked to resist dis-9 covery of trial preparation materials, to which the 10 person making such disclosure may be entitled.

"(d) Service; Jurisdiction.—

"(1) By WHOM SERVED.—Any civil investigative demand issued under subsection (a) may be served by an appropriate investigator, or by a United States marshal or deputy marshal, at any place within the territorial jurisdiction of any court of the United States.

"(2) SERVICE IN FOREIGN NATIONS.—Any such demand or petition filed under subsection (k) may be served upon any person who is not to be found within the territorial jurisdiction of any court of the United States, in such manner as the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure prescribe for service in a foreign country. To the extent that the courts of the United States can assert jurisdiction over any such person

1	consistent with due process, the United States Dis-
2	trict Court for the District of Columbia shall have
3	the same jurisdiction to take any action respecting
4	compliance with this Act by any such person that
5	such court would have if such person were personally
6	within the jurisdiction of such court.
7	"(e) Service Upon Legal Entities and Natural
8	Persons.—
9	"(1) Legal entities.—Service of any civil in-
10	vestigative demand issued under subsection (a) or of
11	any petition filed under subsection (k) may be made
12	upon a partnership, corporation, association, or
13	other legal entity by—
14	"(A) delivering a duly executed copy of
15	such demand or petition to any partner, execu-
16	tive officer, managing agent, or general agent
17	of the partnership, corporation, association, or
18	entity, or to any agent thereof authorized by
19	appointment or by law to receive service of
20	process on behalf of such partnership, corpora-
21	tion, association, or entity;
22	"(B) delivering a duly executed copy of
23	such demand or petition to the principal office
24	or place of business of the partnership, corpora-
25	tion, association, or entity to be served; or

1	"(C) depositing an executed copy of such
2	demand or petition in the United States mails
3	by registered or certified mail, with a return re-
4	ceipt requested, duly addressed to such partner-
5	ship, corporation, association, or entity at its
6	principal office or place of business.
7	"(2) Natural Persons.—Service of any such
8	demand or petition may be made upon any natural
9	person by—
10	"(A) delivering a duly executed copy of
11	such demand or petition to the person to be
12	served; or
13	"(B) depositing an executed copy of such
14	demand or petition in the United States mails
15	by registered or certified mail, with a return re-
16	ceipt requested, duly addressed to such person
17	at the person's residence or principal office or
18	place of business.
19	"(f) Proof of Service.—A verified return by the
20	individual serving any civil investigative demand under
21	subsection (a) or any petition filed under subsection (k)
22	setting forth the manner of such service shall be proof of
23	such service. In the case of service by registered or cer-
24	tified mail, such return shall be accompanied by the return
25	post office receipt of delivery of such demand.

1	"(g) Documentary Material.—
2	"(1) Sworn certificates.—The production of
3	documentary material in response to a civil inves-
4	tigative demand served pursuant to this section shall
5	be made under a sworn certificate, in such form as
6	the demand designates, by—
7	"(A) in the case of a natural person, the
8	person to whom the demand is directed; or
9	"(B) in the case of a person other than a
10	natural person, a person having knowledge of
11	the facts and circumstances relating to such
12	production and authorized to act on behalf of
13	such person,
14	to the effect that all of the documentary material re-
15	quired by the demand and in the possession, cus-
16	tody, or control of the person to whom the demand
17	is directed has been produced and made available to
18	the custodian.
19	"(2) Production of Materials.—Any person
20	upon whom any civil investigative demand for the
21	production of documentary material has been served
22	under this section shall make such material available
23	for inspection and copying to the investigator identi-
24	fied in such demand at the principal place of busi-
25	ness of such person, or at such other place as the

1	investigator and the person thereafter may agree
2	and prescribe in writing, or as the court may direct
3	under subsection (k)(1). Such material shall be
4	made so available on the return date specified in
5	such demand, or on such later date as the investi-
6	gator may prescribe in writing. Such person may,
7	upon written agreement between the person and the
8	investigator, substitute copies for originals of all or
9	any part of such material.
10	"(h) Interrogatories.—
11	"(1) Answers.—Each interrogatory in a civil
12	investigative demand served pursuant to this section
13	shall be answered separately and fully in writing
14	under oath, and it shall be submitted under a sworn
15	certificate, in such form as the demand designates,
16	by—
17	"(A) in the case of a natural person, the
18	person to whom the demand is directed; or
19	"(B) in the case of a person other than a
20	natural person, the person or persons respon-
21	sible for answering each interrogatory.
22	"(2) Contents of Certificates.—The cer-
23	tificate submitted under paragraph (1) shall state
24	that all information required by the demand and in
25	the possession, custody, control, or knowledge of the

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- person to whom the demand is directed has been submitted. To the extent that any information is not furnished, the information shall be identified and reasons set forth with particularity regarding the reasons why the information was not furnished.
 - "(3) OBJECTIONS.—If any interrogatory is objected to, the reasons for the objection shall be stated in the certificate instead of an answer.

"(i) Oral Examinations.—

"(1) Procedures.—The examination of any person pursuant to a civil investigative demand for oral testimony served under this section shall be taken before an officer authorized to administer oaths and affirmations by the laws of the United States or of the place where the examination is held. The officer before whom the testimony is to be taken shall put the witness on oath or affirmation and shall personally, or by someone acting under the direction of the officer and in the officer's presence, record the testimony of the witness. The testimony shall be taken stenographically and transcribed. When the testimony is fully transcribed, the officer before whom the testimony is taken shall promptly transmit a copy of the transcript of the testimony to the custodian. This subsection shall not preclude the

- taking of testimony by any means authorized by, and in a manner consistent with, the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. "(2) PERSONS PRESENT.—The investigator
 - conducting the examination shall exclude from the place where the examination is held all persons except the person giving the testimony, the attorney for and any other representative of the person giving the testimony, the attorney for the Government, any person who may be agreed upon by the attorney for the Government and the person giving the testimony, the officer before whom the testimony is to be taken, and any stenographer taking such testimony.
 - "(3) Where testimony taken.—The oral testimony of any person taken pursuant to a civil investigative demand served under this section shall be taken in the judicial district of the United States within which such person resides, is found, or transacts business, or in such other place as may be agreed upon by the investigator conducting the examination and such person.
 - "(4) Transcript of testimony.—When the testimony is fully transcribed, the investigator or the officer before whom the testimony is taken shall afford the witness (who may be accompanied by coun-

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sel) a reasonable opportunity to examine and read the transcript, unless such examination and reading are waived by the witness. Any changes in form or substance which the witness desires to make shall be entered and identified upon the transcript by the officer or the investigator with a statement of the reasons given by the witness for making such changes. The transcript shall then be signed by the witness, unless the witness in writing waives the signing, is ill, cannot be found, or refuses to sign. If the transcript is not signed by the witness within 30 days after being afforded a reasonable opportunity to examine it, the officer or the investigator shall sign it and state on the record the fact of the waiver, illness, absence of the witness, or the refusal to sign, together with the reason, if any, given therefor.

"(5) CERTIFICATION AND DELIVERY TO CUSTO-DIAN.—The officer before whom the testimony is taken shall certify on the transcript that the witness was duly sworn by the officer and that the transcript is a true record of the testimony given by the witness, and the officer or investigator shall promptly deliver it or send it by registered or certified mail to the custodian.

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"(6) FURNISHING OR INSPECTION OF TRANSCRIPT BY WITNESS.—Upon payment of reasonable
charges therefor, the investigator shall furnish a
copy of the transcript to the witness only, except
that the Attorney General, or the Attorney General's
designee in accordance with this Act, may for good
cause limit such witness to inspection of the official
transcript of the witness's testimony.

"(7) CONDUCT OF ORAL TESTIMONY.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any person compelled to appear for oral testimony under a civil investigative demand issued under subsection (a) may be accompanied, represented, and advised by counsel. Counsel may advise such person, in confidence, with respect to any question asked of such person. Such person or counsel may object on the record to any question, in whole or in part, and shall briefly state for the record the reason for the objection. An objection may be made, received, and entered upon the record when it is claimed that such person is entitled to refuse to answer the question on the grounds of any constitutional or other legal right or privilege, including the privilege against self-incrimination. Such person may not otherwise ob-

1	ject to or refuse to answer any question, and
2	may not directly or through counsel otherwise
3	interrupt the oral examination. If such person
4	refuses to answer any question, a petition may
5	be filed in the district court of the United
6	States under subsection (k)(1) for an order
7	compelling such person to answer such ques-
8	tion.
9	"(B) Compelled Testimony.—If such
10	person refuses to answer any question on the
11	grounds of the privilege against self-incrimina-
12	tion, the testimony of such person may be com-
13	pelled in accordance with the provisions of part
14	V of title 18, United States Code.
15	"(8) Witness fees and allowances.—Any
16	person appearing for oral testimony under a civil in-
17	vestigative demand issued under subsection (a) shall
18	be entitled to the same fees and allowances which
19	are paid to witnesses in the district courts of the
20	United States.
21	"(j) Custodians of Documents, Answers, and
22	Transcripts.—
23	"(1) Designation.—The Attorney General, or
24	designee in accordance with this Act, shall designate
25	an investigator to serve as custodian of documentary

1	material, answers to interrogatories, and transcripts
2	of oral testimony received under this section, and
3	shall designate such additional investigators as the
4	Attorney General determines from time to time to be
5	necessary to serve as deputies of the custodian.
6	"(2) Responsibility for materials; disclo-
7	SURE.—
8	"(A) IN GENERAL.—An investigator who
9	receives any documentary material, answers to
10	interrogatories, or transcripts of oral testimony
11	under this section shall transmit them to the
12	custodian. The custodian shall take physical
13	possession of such material, answers, or tran-
14	scripts and shall be responsible for the use
15	made of them and for the return of documen-
16	tary material under paragraph (4).
17	"(B) Preparation.—The custodian may
18	cause the preparation of such copies of such
19	documentary material, answers to interrog-
20	atories, or transcripts of oral testimony as may
21	be required for official use by any investigator,
22	or other officer or employee of the Department
23	of Justice. Such material, answers, and tran-
24	scripts may be used by any such authorized in-
25	vestigator or other officer or employee in con-

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nection with the taking of oral testimony under this section.

"(C) NO EXAMINATION.—Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, no documentary material, answers to interrogatories, or transcripts of oral testimony, or copies thereof, while in the possession of the custodian, shall be available for examination by any individual other than an investigator or other officer or employee of the Department of Justice authorized under subparagraph (B). The prohibition in the preceding sentence on the availability of material, answers, or transcripts shall not apply if consent is given by the person who produced such material, answers, or transcripts, or, in the case of any product of discovery produced pursuant to an express demand for such material, consent is given by the person from whom the discovery was obtained. Nothing in this subparagraph is intended to prevent disclosure to the Congress, including any committee or subcommittee of the Congress, or to any other agency of the United States for use by such agency in furtherance of its statutory responsibilities.

1	"(D) Examination by Certain Per-
2	sons.—While in the possession of the custodian
3	and under such reasonable terms and conditions
4	as the Attorney General shall prescribe—
5	"(i) documentary material and an-
6	swers to interrogatories shall be available
7	for examination by the person who pro-
8	duced such material or answers, or by a
9	representative of that person authorized by
10	that person to examine such material and
11	answers; and
12	"(ii) transcripts of oral testimony
13	shall be available for examination by the
14	person who produced such testimony, or by
15	a representative of that person authorized
16	by that person to examine such transcripts.
17	"(3) Use of material, answers, or tran-
18	SCRIPTS IN OTHER PROCEEDINGS.—Whenever any
19	attorney of the Department of Justice has been des-
20	ignated to appear before any court, grand jury, or
21	Federal agency in any case or proceeding, the custo-
22	dian of any documentary material, answers to inter-
23	rogatories, or transcripts of oral testimony received
24	under this section may deliver to such attorney such
25	material, answers, or transcripts for official use in

1	connection with any such case or proceeding as such
2	attorney determines to be required. Upon the com-
3	pletion of any such case or proceeding, such attorney
4	shall return to the custodian any such material, an-
5	swers, or transcripts so delivered which have not
6	passed into the control of such court, grand jury, or
7	agency through the introduction thereof into the
8	record of such case or proceeding.
9	"(4) Conditions for return of mate-
10	RIAL.—If any documentary material has been pro-
11	duced by any person in the course of any investiga-
12	tion pursuant to a civil investigative demand under
13	this section, and—
14	"(A) any case or proceeding before the
15	court or grand jury arising out of such inves-
16	tigation, or any proceeding before any Federal
17	agency involving such material, has been com-
18	pleted, or
19	"(B) no case or proceeding in which such
20	material may be used has been commenced
21	within a reasonable time after completion of the
22	examination and analysis of all documentary
23	material and other information assembled in
24	the course of such investigation,

1	the custodian shall, upon written request of the per-
2	son who produced such material, return to such per-
3	son any such material (other than copies furnished
4	to the investigator under subsection $(g)(2)$ or made
5	for the Department of Justice under paragraph
6	(2)(B)) which has not passed into the control of any
7	court, grand jury, or agency through introduction
8	into the record of such case or proceeding.
9	"(5) Appointment of successor
10	CUSTODIANS.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the event of the
12	death, disability, or separation from service in
13	the Department of Justice of the custodian of
14	any documentary material, answers to interrog-
15	atories, or transcripts of oral testimony pro-
16	duced pursuant to a civil investigative demand
17	under this section, or in the event of the official
18	relief of such custodian from responsibility for
19	the custody and control of such material, an-
20	swers, or transcripts, the Attorney General or
21	the Attorney General's designee in accordance
22	with this Act shall promptly—
23	"(i) designate another investigator to
24	serve as custodian of such material, an-
25	swers, or transcripts; and

1	"(ii) transmit in writing to the person
2	who produced such material, answers, or
3	testimony notice of the identity and ad-
4	dress of the successor so designated.
5	"(B) Successor.—Any person who is des-
6	ignated to be a successor under this paragraph
7	shall have, with regard to such material, an-
8	swers, or transcripts, the same duties and re-
9	sponsibilities as were imposed by this section
10	upon that person's predecessor in office, except
11	that the successor shall not be held responsible
12	for any default or dereliction which occurred be-
13	fore that designation.
14	"(k) Judicial Proceedings.—
15	"(1) Petition for enforcement.—Whenever
16	any person fails to comply with any civil investiga-
17	tive demand issued under subsection (a), or when-
18	ever satisfactory copying or reproduction of any ma-
	over satisfactory copying or reproduction or any ma
19	terial requested in such demand cannot be done and
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	terial requested in such demand cannot be done and
20	terial requested in such demand cannot be done and such person refuses to surrender such material, the
20 21	terial requested in such demand cannot be done and such person refuses to surrender such material, the Attorney General may file, in the district court of

1	of such court for the enforcement of the civil inves-
2	tigative demand.
3	"(2) Petition to modify or set aside de-
4	MAND.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any person who has
6	received a civil investigative demand issued
7	under subsection (a) may file, in the district
8	court of the United States for the judicial dis-
9	trict within which such person resides, is found,
10	or transacts business, and serve upon the inves-
11	tigator identified in such demand a petition for
12	an order of the court to modify or set aside
13	such demand. In the case of a petition ad-
14	dressed to an express demand for any product
15	of discovery, a petition to modify or set aside
16	such demand may be brought only in the dis-
17	trict court of the United States for the judicial
18	district in which the proceeding in which such
19	discovery was obtained is or was last pending.
20	Any petition under this subparagraph must be
21	filed—
22	"(i) within 20 days after the date of
23	service of the civil investigative demand, or
24	at any time before the return date speci-

1	fied in the demand, whichever date is ear-
2	lier, or
3	"(ii) within such longer period as may
4	be prescribed in writing by any investigator
5	identified in the demand.
6	"(B) Grounds for relief.—The petition
7	shall specify each ground upon which the peti-
8	tioner relies in seeking relief under subpara-
9	graph (A), and may be based upon any failure
10	of the demand to comply with the provisions of
11	this section or upon any constitutional or other
12	legal right or privilege of such person. During
13	the pendency of the petition in the court, the
14	court may stay, as it deems proper, the running
15	of the time allowed for compliance with the de-
16	mand, in whole or in part, except that the per-
17	son filing the petition shall comply with any
18	portions of the demand not sought to be modi-
19	fied or set aside.
20	"(3) Petition to modify or set aside de-
21	MAND FOR PRODUCT OF DISCOVERY.—
22	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any
23	civil investigative demand issued under sub-
24	section (a) which is an express demand for any
25	product of discovery, the person from whom

1	such discovery was obtained may file, in the dis-
2	trict court of the United States for the judicial
3	district in which the proceeding in which such
4	discovery was obtained is or was last pending,
5	and serve upon any investigator identified in
6	the demand and upon the recipient of the de-
7	mand, a petition for an order of such court to
8	modify or set aside those portions of the de-
9	mand requiring production of any such product
10	of discovery. Any petition under this subpara-
11	graph must be filed—
12	"(i) within 20 days after the date of
13	service of the civil investigative demand, or
14	at any time before the return date speci-
15	fied in the demand, whichever date is ear-
16	lier, or
17	"(ii) within such longer period as may
18	be prescribed in writing by any investigator
19	identified in the demand.
20	"(B) Grounds for relief.—The petition
21	shall specify each ground upon which the peti-
22	tioner relies in seeking relief under subpara-
23	graph (A), and may be based upon any failure
24	of the portions of the demand from which relief
25	is sought to comply with the provisions of this

1 section, or upon any constitutional or other 2 legal right or privilege of the petitioner. During 3 the pendency of the petition, the court may 4 stay, as it deems proper, compliance with the 5 demand and the running of the time allowed for 6 compliance with the demand. 7 "(4) Petition to require performance by 8 CUSTODIAN OF DUTIES.—At any time during which 9 any custodian is in custody or control of any docu-10 mentary material or answers to interrogatories pro-11 duced, or transcripts of oral testimony given, by any 12 person in compliance with any civil investigative demand issued under subsection (a), such person, and 13 14 in the case of an express demand for any product of 15 discovery, the person from whom such discovery was 16 obtained, may file, in the district court of the United 17 States for the judicial district within which the office 18 of such custodian is situated, and serve upon such 19 custodian, a petition for an order of such court to 20 require the performance by the custodian of any 21 duty imposed upon the custodian by this section. 22 "(5) JURISDICTION.—Whenever any petition is 23 filed in any district court of the United States under 24 this subsection, such court shall have jurisdiction to

hear and determine the matter so presented, and to

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1	enter such order or orders as may be required to
2	carry out the provisions of this section. Any final
3	order so entered shall be subject to appeal under
4	section 1291 of title 28, United States Code. Any
5	disobedience of any final order entered under this
6	section by any court shall be punished as a contempt
7	of the court.
8	"(6) Applicability of federal rules of
9	CIVIL PROCEDURE.—The Federal Rules of Civil Pro-
10	cedure shall apply to any petition under this sub-
11	section, to the extent that such rules are not incon-
12	sistent with the provisions of this section.
13	"(l) DISCLOSURE EXEMPTION.—Any documentary
14	material, answers to written interrogatories, or oral testi-
15	mony provided under any civil investigative demand issued
16	under subsection (a) shall be exempt from disclosure
17	under section 552 of title 5, United States Code, as de-
18	scribed in subsection (b)(3) of such section.
19	"(m) Definitions.—In this section—
20	"(1) the term 'custodian' means the custodian,
21	or any deputy custodian, designated by the Attorney
22	General under subsection (j)(1);
23	"(2) the term 'documentary material' includes
24	the original or any copy of any book, record, report,
25	memorandum, paper, communication, tabulation,

1	chart, or other document, or data compilations
2	stored in or accessible through computer or other in-
3	formation retrieval systems, together with instruc-
4	tions and all other materials necessary to use or in-
5	terpret such data compilations, and any product of
6	discovery;
7	"(3) the term 'investigation' means any inquiry
8	conducted for the purpose of ascertaining whether
9	any person is or has been engaged in any violation
10	of this Act;
11	"(4) the term 'investigator' means any attorney
12	or investigator employed by the Department of Jus-
13	tice who is charged with the duty of enforcing or
14	carrying into effect this Act, or any officer or em-
15	ployee of the United States acting under the direc-
16	tion and supervision of such attorney or investigator
17	in connection with an investigation;
18	"(5) the term 'official use' means any use that
19	is consistent with the law, and the regulations and
20	policies of the Department of Justice, including use
21	in connection with internal Department of Justice
22	memoranda and reports; communications between
23	the Department of Justice and a Federal, State, or
24	local government agency, or a contractor of a Fed-
25	eral, State, or local government agency, undertaken

1	in furtherance of a Department of Justice investiga-
2	tion or prosecution of a case; oral examinations;
3	depositions; preparation for and response to civil dis-
4	covery requests; introduction into the record of a
5	case or proceeding; applications, motions, memo-
6	randa and briefs submitted to a court or other tri-
7	bunal; and communications with Government inves-
8	tigators, auditors, consultants and experts, the coun-
9	sel of other parties, arbitrators and mediators, con-
10	cerning an investigation, case or proceeding; and
11	"(6) the term 'product of discovery' includes—
12	"(A) the original or duplicate of any depo-
13	sition, interrogatory, document, thing, result of
14	the inspection of land or other property, exam-
15	ination, or admission, which is obtained by any
16	method of discovery in any judicial or adminis-
17	trative proceeding of an adversarial nature;
18	"(B) any digest, analysis, selection, com-
19	pilation, or derivation of any item listed in sub-
20	paragraph (A); and
21	"(C) any index or other manner of access
22	to any item listed in subparagraph (A).
23	"(n) Sunset.—The authority of the Attorney Gen-
24	eral to issue a civil investigative demand under this section

- 1 shall expire upon the expiration of the 5-year period which
- 2 begins on the date of the enactment of this section.".
- 3 SEC. 206. AUTHORIZING IMPOSITION AND COLLECTION OF
- 4 REGISTRATION FEES.
- 5 (a) AUTHORIZATION.—The Foreign Agents Registra-
- 6 tion Act of 1938 (22 U.S.C. 611 et seq.), as amended by
- 7 section 205, is further amended by adding at the end the
- 8 following new section:
- 9 "SEC. 16. FEES.
- 10 "The Attorney General shall establish and collect a
- 11 registration fee, as part of the initial filing requirement
- 12 and at no other time, to help defray the expenses of the
- 13 Registration Unit, and shall credit such fees to this appro-
- 14 priation, to remain available until expended.".
- 15 (b) Conforming Amendment to Repeal Exist-
- 16 ING AUTHORITY.—The Department of Justice and Re-
- 17 lated Agencies Appropriations Act, 1993 (title I of Public
- 18 Law 102–395) is amended, under the heading "SALARIES
- 19 AND EXPENSES, GENERAL LEGAL ACTIVITIES", by striking
- 20 "In addition, notwithstanding 31 U.S.C. 3302, for fiscal
- 21 year 1993 and thereafter, the Attorney General shall es-
- 22 tablish and collect fees to recover necessary expenses of
- 23 the Registration Unit (to include salaries, supplies, equip-
- 24 ment and training) pursuant to the Foreign Agents Reg-

1	istration Act, and shall credit such fees to this appropria-
2	tion, to remain available until expended.".
3	SEC. 207. COMPREHENSIVE STRATEGY TO IMPROVE EN-
4	FORCEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION.
5	(a) Implementation of Strategy.—Not later
6	than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,
7	the Attorney General shall promulgate final regulations
8	for the implementation of a comprehensive strategy to im-
9	prove the enforcement and administration of the Foreign
10	Agents Registration Act of 1938 (22 U.S.C. 611 et seq.)
11	that addresses the following issues:
12	(1) The coordination and integration of the
13	work of the agencies that perform investigations of
14	alleged violations of the Act and bring actions (in-
15	cluding criminal prosecutions) to enforce the Act
16	with the overall national security efforts of the De-
17	partment of Justice.
18	(2) An assessment of the appropriateness of the
19	exemptions provided under the Act that permit per-
20	sons who represent the interests of foreign principals
21	to avoid registering under the Act.
22	(3) A formal cost-benefit analysis of the appro-
23	priateness of the fee structure under the Act.

1	(4) An assessment of the value of making advi-
2	sory opinions under the Act available in whole as an
3	informational resource.
4	(b) REVIEW BY INSPECTOR GENERAL; REPORTS TO
5	Congress.—
6	(1) REVIEW.—The Inspector General of the De-
7	partment of Justice shall carry out a review of—
8	(A) the extent to which the Attorney Gen-
9	eral has implemented the comprehensive strat-
10	egy described in subsection (a); and
11	(B) the usage, effectiveness, and any po-
12	tential abuse of the authority granted to the At-
13	torney General by this Act to issue civil inves-
14	tigative demands.
15	(2) Reports to congress.—The Inspector
16	General of the Department of Justice shall submit
17	a report to the appropriate committees of Congress
18	on the results of the review carried out under para-
19	graph (1) not later than 1 year after the date upon
20	which the comprehensive strategy described in sub-
21	section (a) is implemented by the Attorney General.
22	(c) Annual Reports to Congress.—Not later
23	than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act,
24	and annually thereafter, the Attorney General, in con-
25	sultation with the Assistant Attorney General for National

1	Security, shall submit a report to the appropriate commit-
2	tees of Congress detailing the usage over the preceding
3	year of the authority granted to the Attorney General by
4	this Act and the amendments made by this title to issue
5	civil investigative demands, including—
6	(1) the number of civil investigative demands
7	issued;
8	(2) a description of the nature of the conduct
9	constituting the alleged violation of the Foreign
10	Agents Registration Act of 1938 (22 U.S.C. 611 et
11	seq.) which was under investigation and the provi-
12	sion alleged to be violated;
13	(3) a description of the nature of the documen-
14	tary materials, interrogatories, or oral testimony
15	sought by the civil investigative demand;
16	(4) the number of times the Attorney General
17	filed in a district court of the United States a peti-
18	tion for an order for the enforcement of a civil inves-
19	tigative demand and a detailed description of the cir-
20	cumstances that led the Attorney General to seek
21	such an order;
22	(5) a description of the results of civil investiga-
23	tive demands issued, including whether the Attorney
24	General subsequently filed charges for an alleged
25	violation of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of

1	1938 (22 U.S.C. 611 et seq.), regardless of whether
2	such charges were filed against the recipient of the
3	civil investigative demand or another legal entity or
4	natural person; and
5	(6) any other information regarding the use of
6	such authority that the Attorney General deems rel-
7	evant.
8	(d) Ensuring Electronic Access to Reports
9	THROUGH SEARCHABLE WEBSITE.—
10	(1) Report to congress.—The Attorney
11	General, in consultation with the Assistant Attorney
12	General for National Security, shall include in the
13	second annual report submitted to the appropriate
14	committees of Congress under subsection (c) a de-
15	tailed description of methods to ensure that reports
16	filed under the Foreign Agents Registration Act are
17	filed electronically in a digitized format which will
18	enable the Foreign Agents Registration Unit website
19	database to be fully searchable, machine-readable,
20	sortable, and downloadable.
21	(2) Implementation.—After submitting the
22	report containing the information described in para-
23	graph (1), the Attorney General shall implement the
24	methods described in the report.

1	SEC. 208. ANALYSIS BY GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY
2	OFFICE.
3	Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment
4	of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States
5	shall—
6	(1) carry out an analysis of the effectiveness of
7	the enforcement and administration of the Foreign
8	Agents Registration Act of 1938 (22 U.S.C. 611 et
9	seq.), including the extent to which the amendments
10	made by this title have improved the enforcement
11	and administration of such Act, and taking into ac-
12	count the comprehensive strategy developed and im-
13	plemented under section 207; and
14	(2) submit the analysis to the Attorney General,
15	the Inspector General of the Department of Justice,
16	and the appropriate committees of Congress.
17	SEC. 209. DEFINITION.
18	In this title, the term "appropriate committees of
19	Congress' means—
20	(1) the Committees on the Judiciary and For-
21	eign Relations of the Senate; and
22	(2) the Committee on the Judiciary of the
23	House of Representatives.
24	SEC. 210. EFFECTIVE DATE.
25	The amendments made by this title shall take effect
26	180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.